

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2017



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1. About Penguin International Limited

Penguin International Limited ("Penguin") is a Singapore home-grown, publicly listed designer-builder-owner-operator of aluminium high-speed marine craft. The company was incorporated in 1976 and listed on SGX in 1997.

Since 1995, we have delivered more than 150 aluminium vessels to ship owners around the world, including some 120 of our proprietary-designed Flex offshore crewboats and armoured security boats ("Flex Fighters").

According to data compiled by IHS Sea-web, a database that captures all International Maritime Organisation ("IMO")-registered vessels worldwide, Penguin is the world's most prolific builder of mid-sized, multi-role crewboats/security boats for the offshore and maritime security industries. In some markets, the Flex brand has become the industry standard.

Our shipyards in Singapore and Batam operate a self-funded build-for-stock programme that comprises crewboats and security boats. In addition, our shipyards undertake owner-specific build-to-order as well as repair and conversion projects involving a variety of high-speed craft, including luxury yachts, firefighting search-and-rescue vessels, passenger ferries and patrol craft.

In addition to shipbuilding, Penguin also operates a fleet of Flex crewboats (through its wholly-owned Pelican group) and passenger ferries that serve a myriad of clientele in Southeast Asia and beyond, including ExxonMobil, Shell and Singapore government agencies.

Our vessels are well maintained and professionally manned by our in-house ship management team, backed by our two shipyards. We prize safety over profit and we abide by international standards on Health, Safety and the Environment.

FIGURE 1: PENGUIN'S PRODUCTS AND SERVICES



2. About the Report

We are pleased to present our inaugural sustainability report prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Standards – Core reporting requirements and the SGX-ST Mainboard Listing Rule 711(B).

This report attempts to encapsulate Economic, Environmental, Social and Governance ("EESG") material matters which impact our business performance and key stakeholders across two business segments: (i) Ferry and charter services and (ii) Shipbuilding and ship repair in Singapore, Indonesia (primarily Batam) and Malaysia (primarily offshore) from 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 ("FY2017"), with 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 ("FY2016") being the year of comparison.

Penguin has not sought external assurance on the disclosures made but will consider doing it as our reporting matures over time. As we embark on our sustainability journey, we look forward to your continued support and appreciate any comments, feedback or queries. Please address them to Sustainability Report Committee, at sr@penguin.com.sg. For more information on Penguin, please visit our website at www.penguin.com.sg.

2017 HIGHLIGHTS



\$33.4M IN FY2016 TO \$85.4M IN FY2017





SIGNATORY TO EMPLOYERS'
PLEDGE OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT
PRACTICES SINCE 2014



PIONEERED USE OF FISHING BOAT ENGINES (BAUDOUIN) FOR CREW BOATS, BROUGHT ABOUT SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENTS IN FUEL EFFICIENCY



FAMILY

COMFORTABLE LIVING SPACES
ON BOARD – PELICAN CALM
WORLD'S FIRST MID-SIZED
MLC-2006 CERTIFIED CREWBOAT

ULTRA-LOW SULFUR CONTENT 0.005%



COMMITED TO EMISSION
CONTROL AREAS (ECA)
STANDARD ON SULPHUR LIMIT IN
FUEL OIL AHEAD OF TIME



IN COMPLIANCE TO ALL MARITIME, SAFETY, LABOUR AND OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS ACROSS OPERATING COUNTRIES



DECREASE IN REPORTABLE VESSEL INCIDENT FREQUENCY RATE (IFR) FROM FY2016



MANDATORY SAFETY TRAINING FOR ALL EMPLOYEES, WORKERS INCLUDING SUBCONTRACTORS

The Penguin Sustainability Statement

"As a global citizen, we believe in conducting our business in a sustainable and socially responsible manner. We believe that sustainability helps us achieve our full potential to become the world's leading provider of aluminium fast craft."

Our activities are aimed at creating value for all our stakeholders - Employees, Investors, Customers and the Communities in which we operate.

Employees Investors We pledge to value and respect each and every We pledge to provide our employee, regardless of investors with sustainable returns while maintaining rank, gender, age, race or nationality. Our diversity is high standards of our strength and our governance people, our assets We pledge to provide our We pledge to conduct customers with world-class ourselves in a manner that aluminium fast craft and is socially, economically build up long-term and environmentally sustainable relationships responsible Customers **Communities**

4. Approach to Sustainability

Despite the harshest environmental conditions, Antarctic Penguins are among nature's great survivors. They are able to stand strong against the odds because they work closely together to conserve heat, hunt for food and find shelter. Their success also stems from their unique ability to dive deeper and adapt to crushing water pressures to exploit food sources better than their competitors.

Similarly, we at Penguin International Limited have encountered numerous challenges, from global financial crises to rapid changes in the market landscape. Despite the odds, we have stood strong and continued to pursue sustainable growth. We draw our strength from the collective efforts of our management and employees. We have been able to capture new opportunities while managing sustainability (environmental, social and economic) in the midst of intense global competition and tougher maritime regulation. This resilience largely stems from our conservative management style and unique capabilities as an integrated designer-builder-owner-operator of high-speed aluminium vessels.

a. Sustainability Governance

Our Board of Directors ("The Board") is responsible for the oversight of our sustainability strategy and management of critical sustainability matters. Directly under the Board is the Sustainability Committee, consisting of our Managing Director and our Finance and Administration Director.

The Committee ensures the implementation of the sustainability strategy and evaluation of the progress against the commitments. The implementation of sustainability is then delegated to relevant departments and unit heads. With regular discussions and updates, the Sustainability Committee provides inputs and monitors progress to identify further areas for improvement.

The Board reviews and comments on the overall enterprise risk management process, which takes into account sustainability topics. This process takes place yearly in our Board Meeting where sustainability topics and impacts, risks and opportunities are discussed, ensuring that sustainability is integrated into our day-to-day operations. For more information on overall Corporate Governance, please refer to Pages 25 to 35 of our FY2017 Annual Report.

FIGURE 2: PENGUIN'S SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE



Board Statement

This report is the demonstration of our commitment to create sustainable value for all of our stakeholders; our employees, investors, customers and the communities at large.

The Board together with the Sustainability Committee have identified relevant and material Economic, Environmental, Social and Governance (EESG) matters and will ensure that the management and monitoring of these issues are integrated into everyday business operation.

As we continue on our sustainability journey, we urge our stakeholders to share our Group's commitment to transparency to work towards a common goal of improving the economic, environmental and social well-being of the communities we operate in.

b. Stakeholder Engagement

Penguin regards engaging our stakeholders as a part of our core corporate responsibility. We are attuned to our stakeholders' key concerns and we try our best to respond to their expectations while keeping the company's best interests in mind. Interaction with stakeholders takes place across Penguin's integrated business operations. For more information on our stakeholders and engagement platforms, please refer to Figure 3 below.

FIGURE 3: PENGUIN'S APPROACH TO STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder Groups	Key Concerns/Interests Raised by Stakeholder Groups	Penguin's Response	Methods of Engagement	Frequency of Engagement
Employees, Workers and Crew Members	Fair and inclusive workplaceSafe working	 Practicing an open-door culture Ensuring timely feedback and interaction with employees to ensure alignment of expectations 	Appraisals Memo update from Managing Director	Annually Quarterly
	environmentCareer progression and personal development	 between both parties Establishing robust Health and Safety management system Ensuring consistency in Human Resource Policies across the operating countries to be in compliance with the prevailing labour laws 	Safety toolbox meetings Training and workshops on skills upgrading	Daily As and when required
Clients	Provision of consistent and good quality products and services from Penguin	 Building long-term relationships with clients to ensure continued growth of the business Gathering feedback from clients to align expectations and to further improve on services 	Regular client visits in Singapore and overseas Meetings and discussions	Monthly and quarterly As and when required
Shareholders and Investors	Consensus for Penguin's vision and future growth while achieving sustainable returns	Transparent and timely disclosure of financial information and corporate news through company website and SGXnet.	Annual General Meeting (AGM) Annual Report	Annually Annually

Stakeholder Groups	Key Concerns/Interests Raised by Stakeholder Groups	Penguin's Response	Methods of Engagement	Frequency of Engagement
		Having a dedicated channel via our website for Investor Relations-related questions and feedback	Financial news and announcements	As and when required
Suppliers and subcontractors	Continued use of services, opportunities for more cooperation in various areas of production, facility	 Clear communication on Penguin's expectations of service quality and health and safety requirements for suppliers and subcontractors. Monitoring procedure in place to ensure 	Performance evaluation Safety meetings with subcontractors On-site engagement with employees	Annually Monthly Daily
	development, manpower and technology	compliance by suppliers and subcontractors	Ad-hoc meetings	As and when required
Regulators	Compliance to relevant laws and regulatory requirements across all operating countries	Adopting sustainable practices and complying to workplace health and safety, environment and socio-economic standards	Meetings and discussions with relevant authorities	As and when required
Local Communities	Singapore: Provision of services contributing to public safety and security	 Supporting vessels for national defence and emergencies Contributing to various charity organisations and community outreach programmes 	Involvement in emergency evacuation exercises Sponsorships and	As and when required Ongoing
	Batam: Provision of a safe, healthy and liveable community in vicinity of shipyards	 Maintaining a healthy symbiotic relationship with local communities through provision of a safe, clean and healthy environment Contributing indirect economic value through local job creation and other economic opportunities for communities in vicinity of shipyard 	donations Volunteering activities Monetary and in-kind donations	Periodic

c. Materiality Assessment

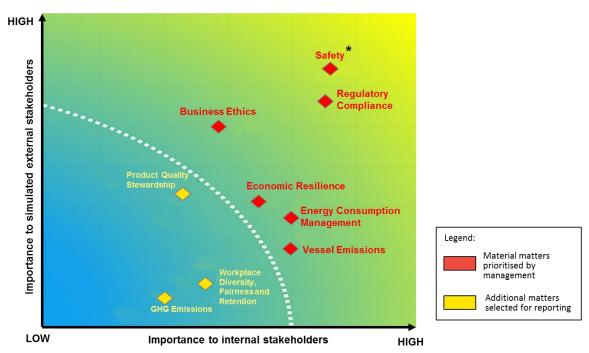
To identify the core matters for Sustainability Report 2017, in September 2017 we conducted a materiality assessment facilitated by independent sustainability advisors. The assessment process involved four steps as depicted in Figure 4 below.

FIGURE 4: FOUR-STEP MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT PROCESS

Step 1 Series of stakeholder engagement sessions were conducted by the sustainability consultant to identify the list of all potential sustainability matters most relevant and significant to Penguin's internal and external stakeholders. **Identification** Step 2 These sustainability matters were then prioritised through an anonymous electronic voting exercise with participation of representatives from all functions to rank the importance of each sustainability matter from both the perspective of external stakeholders and their relevance and significance to Penguin's operations. Prioritisation • The voting results were then discussed with key management team for finalisation. Step 3 · Material sustainability matters selected for reporting were presented to the Board of Directors for Step 4 • The selected material matters may undergo review in subsequent reporting periods to ensure their relevance to Penguin's operations. Review

Through the voting processes, six material sustainability matters were prioritised for FY2017 according to their importance and relevance to our business by representatives from all business units and departments. After the discussions, the key management team decided to select three additional matters for reporting, taking into consideration the sustainability context for our industry, while ensuring adequate disclosure of information on how Penguin creates sustainable value for its stakeholders.

FIGURE 5: PENGUIN'S MATERIALITY MATRIX



^{* &}quot;Safety" comprises "Safety on Board for Crew and Passengers" and "Occupational Health and Safety at Shipyards"

FIGURE 6: MAPPING OF PENGUIN'S MATERIAL AND ADDITIONAL MATTERS FOR REPORTING TO GRI TOPICS

	Six Material Matters Prioritised for Reporting						
	Material Matters	Category	Description	GRI Topics	Page		
1	Economic Resilience	Economic	Practicing prudent financial management and diversifying into non-oil markets in order to explore new opportunities	GRI 201 Economic Performance	18		
2	Energy Consumption Management	Environment	Operational use and management of energy (non-renewable sources or renewable sources) and Penguin's efforts in managing the emission of greenhouse gases from direct sources (Scope 1: Fossil fuels used) and indirect sources (Scope 2: Electricity bought).	GRI 302 Energy	32		
3	Vessel Emission	Environment	Company's effort to prevent deterioration of air quality resulting from pollutants released during: - Shipyard operations - Chartering and ferry services	GRI 305 Emissions	35		
4	Safety	Social	Safety on Board Provide for and promote the health and safety of passengers and crew	GRI 403 Occupational	24		
	,	,	Occupational Health and Safety at Shipyards	Health and Safety	29		

			Ensuring a safe and healthy working environment for workers both on land and at sea, as measured by recordable incidents/fatalities/lost-days/absenteeism /etc.		
5	Regulatory Compliance	Governance	Compliance to all maritime laws and other business-related regulations	 GRI 307 Environmental Compliance GRI 416 Customer Health and Safety GRI 419 Socioeconomic Compliance 	36
6	Business Ethics	Governance	Practising, communicating and training Penguin's employees on ethical business policies such as anti-corruption, anti-competitive behaviour, anti-fraud, anti-trust and ethical practices	GRI 205 Anti- corruption	37

	Additional Matters Prioritised for Reporting						
	Additional Matters	Category	Description	Rationale for reporting	GRI Topics	Page	
7	Product Quality & Stewardship	Social	Ensure compliance to highest quality standards and continuous effort to control product carbon footprint through innovative and responsible product usage and its disposal	Product quality and stewardship are key drivers for our sustainability initiatives.	Non-GRI Topic Specific Disclosure	15,26 & 32	
8	Workplace Diversity, Fairness and Retention	Social	Provide equal employment opportunities, upholding fair remuneration practices, treatment and retention of all employees and contractors regardless of ethnicity, age or gender.	To show commitment to Penguin's motto of "Our People, Our Assets"	 GRI 401 Employment GRI 404 Training and Education GRI 405-2 Diversity and Equal Opportunity 	20	
9	Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions	Environ- ment	Please see "Energy Consumption Management"	GHG emissions is a subject of international	GRI 305 Emissions	32	

1		
	commitment under	
	the Paris climate	
	agreement.	
	Singapore in	
	particular is	
	committed to reduce	
	emissions intensity	
	by 36% from 2005	
	levels by 2030. It is	
	therefore critical for	
	Penguin to	
	demonstrate our	
	contribution to the	
	nation's collective	
	effort in managing	
	the GHG intensity.	

d. Sustainability Strategy

Our strategy comprises of three fundamental elements:

- **Economic Resilience**: Penguin endeavours to survive and thrive in an industry beset with crises through prudent financial management and sensible diversification strategy. While maintaining our core capabilities, diversification into new product and geographical markets has opened up new opportunities, enabling Penguin to stay ahead of its competitors.
- "Our People, Our Assets": We respect and care for our people and we seek to unleash their full potential by:
 - o Encouraging an open communication system;
 - o Safeguarding health and safety of all our employees, workers and subcontractors;
 - o Adopting fair employment practices to attract and retain the best talents;
 - o Ensuring equal opportunities and recognition for workers and office staff.
- **Integrated Sustainability**: Penguin believes that sustainable practices should be an intrinsic part of our everyday business operations.

FIGURE 7: PENGUIN'S SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY



We adopt an integrated sustainability strategy where key sustainability initiatives are an inherent part of daily operations and integrated across the organisation's value chain and supply chain. Figure 8 below shows how our material matters identified from the materiality assessment process are managed in an integrated way in Penguin. While the sustainability practices mapped have been established and communicated to our employees, performance measurement systems for some initiatives are still underway and are expected to be in place as Penguin internalises sustainability principles at a deeper level during its long-term sustainability reporting journey.

FIGURE 8: MATERIAL MATTERS MAPPED ACROSS PENGUIN'S VALUE CHAIN

Material matters	Designer	Builder		Owner & Operator	
iviateriai matters	Designer	Procurement	Production Shipyards	Vessels deployed	
Regulatory Compliance	We comply with all maritime laws and other business-related regulations such as: The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore (MPA) regulations, International Maritime Organisation (IMO), Marine Pollution (MARPOL), International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS), Maritime Labour Convention (MLC), Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) regulations, Ministry of Manpower (MOM) regulations and National Environmental Agency (NEA) regulations, respective flag state requirements, etc.				
Business Ethics	We strictly comply with the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance 2012. In addition, we have implemented				

Material matters	Designer	Builder	Owner & Operator		
iviateriai matters	Designer Procurement	Production Shipyards	Vessels deployed		
	 Whistle blowing policy: the hotline is published on Penguin's website. All complaints are channelled directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee for further investigation. Anti-corruption policies: The following Human Resource policies are in place to mitigate the risk of corruption. Private business interests' policy: all employees are required to disclose to human resource department on their private business interests, including changes from time to time. Insider trading Code of ethics Conflict of interest 				
Economic Resilience	 Prudent financial management Sensible diversification strategy into markets, e.g. Fire Fighting Search-and-Rescue Vessels Maintain and grow core capabilities 				
Safety	Ensuring build quality and compliance to class requirements	 Daily safety toolbox meetings with workers and monthly safety meetings with subcontractors Safety Award system Penguin ensures staff are well equipped with skillsets and necessary certification, e.g.: All shipyard employees to undergo mandatory training course (SSIC) before commencing shipyard repairs and works Receive situational training when a special skillset is needed (welding, fire watchmen training, etc.) Induction training Follow Workplace Safety and Health (WSH) guidelines on management of hazardous chemicals program 	 Vessels safety meeting Comply with best practices and certification on safety at sea including: The International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping for Seafarers (STCW) International Safety Management Code Passenger Ship Safety Certificate Proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) prior to work (both workers and subcontractors) 		

Material matters	Designer		Builder	Owner & Operator
Material matters	Designer	Procurement	Production Shipyards	Vessels deployed
Workplace Diversity, Fairness and Retention	 Recruit and select responsibilities, of the responsibiliti	ent Practices. The five ket on the basis of merit ror disability. fairly and with respect ure as set out in disputing unfairly treated. es with equal opportuning them achieve their fues fairly based on their labour laws. We comply	 Annual audiometric test conducted for individual shipyard employees and workers and noise monitoring conducted once every three years Proper PPE prior to work (both workers and subcontractors) Alliance for Fair & Progressive Employme ey principles as outlined below. regardless of age, race, gender, religion, read put in place progressive human resole resolution policy allows employees to viities to be considered for training and de 	marital status and family urce management systems. The voice out in situations where they velopment based on their strengths sperience. onesia labour laws. Where there are
Product Quality & Stewardship	resources usage. For exa boat engines for crew-bo in fuel-efficiency and the	mple, Penguin pioneerd pats. The innovation has product has become voloring other alternative	pilot projects to enhance efficient ed in using Baudouin Engines – fishing s resulted in significant improvements ery popular with our clients in Thailand. fuel sources such as Liquefied Natural	Besides innovative projects, Penguin also focuses on practical energy management practices such as tracking and recording of fuel consumption on daily basis, and conducting regular meetings with clients to review fuel consumption and investigate irregularities, if any

Make wiel weekkens	Davisson	Builder		Owner & Operator
Material matters	Designer	Procurement	Production Shipyards	Vessels deployed
Energy Consumption Management & Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions	 Using fuel efficient crewboat design Using lighter equipment weight of the ship Improving vessels' hall resistance thus consumption 	ment to reduce the nullforms to reduce	 Installing auto on-off function to save electricity for common facility such as security light Replacing LED lights at new facilities 	 Implementing fuel consumption tracking and management system: All Pelican crewboats already have flow meters installed. In late 2017, Penguin firmed up plans to install Electronic Fuel Management Systems (EFMS) on board its own and third-party newbuild crewboats and security boats, which will enable remote access to real-time fuel consumption data. Daily reports on consumption (to complement EFMS reports in FY2018) Work closely with external design partners to review hullforms and seek out improvements.
Vessel Emissions	 Using the green pas 	emission standards sport ¹ and cion of Conformity ² "	 Monitoring and reducing GHG emissions and highly toxic air pollutants (e.g. sulphur dioxide, lead and carbon monoxide) from welding and lifting operations, 	Low sulphur content diesel usage in overseas crewboat operations; ultra-low sulphur content diesel used in domestic ferry operations

¹ The Green Passport is a document accompanying the ship throughout its working life and which contains an inventory of all materials potentially hazardous to human health or the environment, used in the construction of the vessel. The passport is useful during both major repairs as well as during final breaking of the vessel at the end of its life when those in charge will know which materials are to be handled with caution and for disposal.

² Shipyards will also obtain from upstream suppliers in the shipbuilding supply chain a 'Supplier's Declaration of Conformity', with the present Rules and associated Material Declarations for each structural element, equipment, machinery and coatings fitted on board.

Material matters	Docionar	Builder		Owner & Operator
iviateriai matters	Designer	Procurement	Production Shipyards	Vessels deployed
	structural element machinery and coa that are potentially environment and h	ntings fitted on board) y hazardous to the	 e.g. use of MIG welding that result in lower fumes and emissions Moving high emission activities indoor, employing proper fume collection and capture system 	Penguin is exploring the use of alternative energy sources for its newbuild projects.

5. Economic Resilience

Our unique capabilities as an integrated designer-builder-owner-operator of high-speed aluminium vessels is a key competitive advantage that allows us to capture new opportunities amidst uncertainties in the shipping industry. In particular, we have taken a pragmatic and economically sensible approach towards designing and building ships, with the aim of constantly seeking to improve their operational efficiency and profitability. Furthermore, we have pursued growth in new, non-traditional markets such as Fire Fighting Search-and-Rescue Vessels and patrol boats, while actively seeking out more build-to-order projects across different industries.

Our strong balance sheet, which is the result of our prudent financial management, also enables us to quickly and easily capitalise on new project and investment opportunities.

That is why Penguin has remained economically sustainable even during the recent downturn in the oil and gas industry, which impacted the company's profitability in FY2016 but did not affect its ability to survive and thrive in the crisis. In FY2017, the company's fortunes turned around and generated a group revenue of \$85.4 million, which was a 155% increase from FY2016 (\$33.4 million).

Apart from ensuring our own economic sustainability, we also believe in building a viable and strong "ecosystem" in our community among Singapore-based suppliers and subcontractors, as well as local residents in our various bases of operations. Our business activities have spurred local job creation and produced a multiplier effect on the extended community beyond the confines of our workplace.

Penguin also strives to maintain healthy relationships with communities in our operating countries. In Batam, for example, we are regular supporters of the local community and we have sponsored various development activities in a nearby fishing village (e.g., bridge and orphanage construction). Over in Singapore, since 2014, we have been contributing regularly to non-profit organisations such as Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA), Life Community Services Society and other community outreach programmes.

Financial year		FY2016 S\$'000	FY2017 S\$'000	Percentage increase (%)
Economic Value Generated by Penguin (Revenue)		33,405	85,351	155
	Operating Costs	13,223	59,659	351
Economic Value	Employee Wages and Benefits	12,478	14,101	13
Distributed to Others	Capital Providers	2,075	230	-89 ³
Others	Government	156	973	525
	Communities	1.03	6.16	497
Economic Value Retained by Penguin		5,473	10,381	100

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³ Dividends to shareholders were paid out in FY2016.

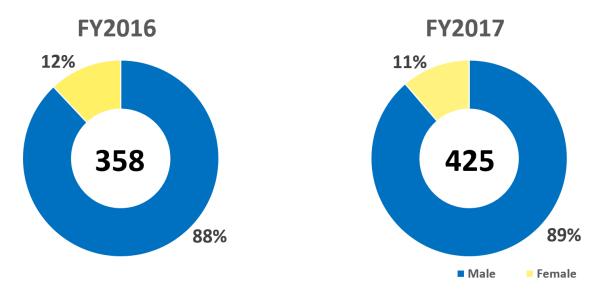
6. Our People, Our Assets

At the core of our sustainability strategy, our people are our greatest assets. With more than 400 employees (including crew) located across Singapore, Indonesia and Malaysia, Penguin aims to create a culturally diverse, fair and inclusive workplace.

a. Staff Demographics

Amidst the industry downturn, our workforce remained relatively stable throughout the period. We experienced a brief headcount reduction in April 2016 due to a decline in shipbuilding activities. Our business has since recovered and our headcount has grown, from 358 in FY2016 to 425 in FY2017. The majority of our workforce comprises employees in offices, shipyards and on-board crew members, who are employed on a full-time and permanent basis. Part-time/temporary staff comprise only 7% of our total workforce. The breakdown is shown in Figure 9 below.

FIGURE 9: EMPLOYMENT BREAKDOWN BY GENDER, EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT, TYPE AND REGION



	Ву	Employment Contrac	ct	
	FY2016 FY2017		2017	
Region	Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Temporary
Singapore	263	0	306	0
Indonesia	4	20 ⁴	6	31
Malaysia	71	0	82	0

⁴ Majority of our Indonesian employees are working full time on a two year contract which are renewed subject to satisfactory performance evaluation. They are entitled to the same welfare and benefits as for full time staff. For SR purpose, they are classified as "Temporary". This arrangement ensures the fair treatment of our people while at the same time allowing the company to have flexibility in resource planning, to meet the fluctuating market demand.

		By Employment Type		
	FY2016 FY2017		2017	
Region	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time
Singapore	263	0	306	0
Indonesia	24	0	37	0
Malaysia	71	0	82	0

Penguin has made efforts to promote a more gender-balanced workforce. While the marine and offshore industry is traditionally male-dominated, Penguin is proud to have a female Executive Director on our Board of Directors, and female employees in traditionally male-dominant roles such as ship design and ship repair. In FY2017, we also recruited four female Design Engineers for our Design and Engineering team.

b. Workplace Diversity and Fairness

Policies and Practices

Being a signatory to TAFEP since 2014, we strictly follow to the five principles of fair employment where hiring practices are fair, merit-based and non-discriminatory. Fair employment practices also allows us to attract people of the right calibre and retain the best talents. We also practice an open door policy where employees have access to and are encouraged to raise workplace concerns to senior management regarding their jobs responsibilities. Communication from management regarding company strategies and directions are done regularly as well. Figure 10 summarises the comprehensive policies in place which ensures a fair and diverse working environment at Penguin. We commit to uphold the highest standards as prescribed and strive towards the target of zero incidents of discrimination.

Policy Statement

Penguin is committed to Fair Employment Practices and does not discriminate against any person based on his or her:

- Race
- Religion
- Gender
- Age
- Marital status
- Family responsibilities
- Nationality
- Ancestry
- Disability
- Medical condition

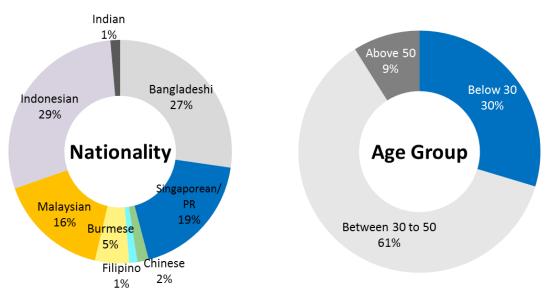
We value and respect each and every employee and are committed to training, developing, rewarding and promoting employees based on their merits as individuals and as team players.

FIGURE 10: PENGUIN'S HUMAN RESOURCE (HR) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Policy	Objective	Description
Fair	Outlines various supporting policies and	Fair employment practices which ensures
Employment	procedures on fair employment practices	non-discrimination in the workplace and
Practices	and non-discrimination, to ensure	sets guidelines on recruitment, appraisals,
	fairness and diversity at Penguin	training and development, increment,
		promotions and terminations

Dispute	Upholds fair and honest treatment of	A reporting channel which addresses
Resolutions	each employee in all aspects of	grievances raised concerning
	employment	dissatisfactions in employment or
		treatment by management or other
		employees. This policy sets out the
		recommended procedures and
		responsibilities to resolve the problems,
		concerns and disagreements
Harassment	Ensures a work environment free from all	Sets out the expected conduct and
	forms of discrimination including	responsibilities of employee and manager
	harassment from supervisors, co-workers,	and lists our procedures when an employee
	vendors or customer of Penguin	makes a harassment claim and follow-up
		actions by management
Performance	Through the use of performance	Ensures periodic evaluation of each
Management	evaluation as a tool to evaluate	employee by respective supervisor to
	effectiveness and adequacy of job	monitor individual development and
	performance	performance on the job.

FIGURE 11: FY2017 WORKFORCE DIVERSITY BY NATIONALITY AND AGE GROUP



In addition to compliance with relevant laws and regulations, we have a procedure in place to ensure that the Group's labour policy and practices are applied consistently across all operating countries. Our staff enjoy a range of welfare and employment benefits, depending on their level of employment.

Employment Benefits

All full-time employees enjoy a range of employment benefits from health care insurance⁵, disability coverage, parental leave and retirement provision.

Training and Development

We actively promote training and development for all of our staff. Onshore staff undergo training whenever there is a change in policies; for example, training on Personal Data Protection Act (PDPA) in July 2017. Seafarers are required to obtain relevant certificate of proficiency such as emergency, Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping (STCW) for Seafarers and first aid and are routinely encouraged to increase their skillsets and get higher certifications to move from Able Bodied Seamen (AB)⁶ to higher ranks. Similarly, shipyard workers undergo both mandatory induction and situational training as they develop their careers in Penguin.

Performance Appraisals

Penguin makes no distinction between foreign workers and office staff in awarding recognition and allocating annual bonuses. This is particularly unique among shipyards in Singapore. In compliance with the Performance Management policy under our HR Manual, annual appraisals have been conducted for 100% our employees in FY2016 and FY2017. Performance appraisal methods differ based on employment category and skillsets. For onshore staff, the process begins with assessment by supervisors and endorsed by the General Manager. For crew members working on board, they are assessed by their Master and endorsed by the Crewing Officer/Manager. The offshore crew members who work on engagement basis are assessed over the contractual period.

Performance

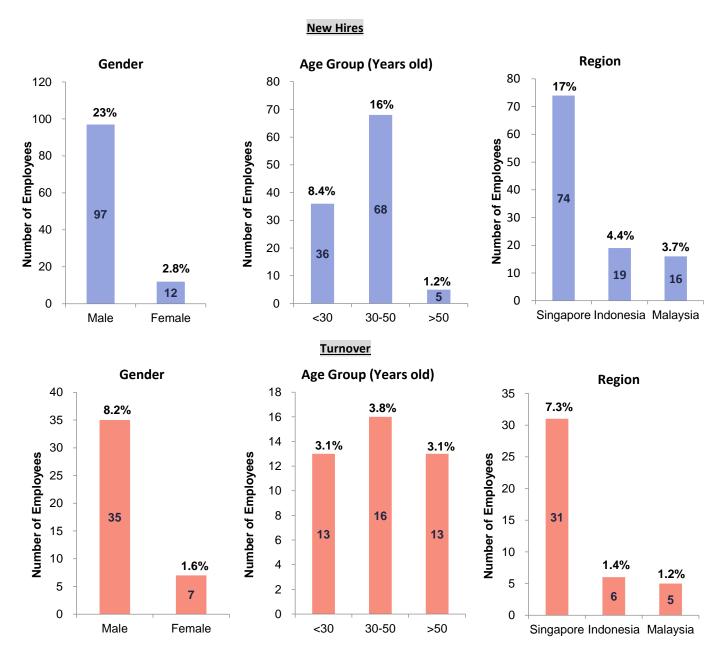
In FY2017, we had a total of 109 new hires and 42 cessations. At Penguin, we believe in employing the best-qualified and most suitable candidate for any given job. We make a conscious effort to promote age and gender diversity. We have partnered with Employment and Employability Institute (e2i) to hire more Singaporeans and Permanent Residents (PR) to strengthen our Singaporean core. Through this partnership, we have also actively reached out to Singaporean Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians (PMETs) who have been retrenched or are looking for new job opportunities. We also welcome elderly employees to apply for suitable positions.

For employee turnover, we seek to analyse root causes for voluntary cessations. Most common reason cited by foreign workers is a desire to return home to their families. For local employees, reasons include a career change or a higher salary from another company. Involuntary cessations are initiated by the company in the form of disciplinary dismissal or contractual termination. Figure 12 showcases the breakdown of new hires and turnover in FY2017.

⁵ As stipulated by respective regulatory bodies in operating countries; including, Ministry of Manpower (MOM) in Singapore, Badan Penyelenggara Jaminan Sosial in Indonesia and Social Security Organisation (SOSCO) in Malaysia

⁶ Able Seamen (AB) are certified after undergoing training in approved sea-going training ships who have served eighteen months in ships

FIGURE 12: FY2017 NEW HIRE AND TURNOVER BY GENDER, AGE GROUP AND REGION



Note: Turnover is calculated as a percentage of staff on payroll as of 31 December 2017

Case Study: Old is Gold at Penguin

At Penguin, we are constantly on the lookout for the right people who are best suited to our business needs. As such we welcome and appreciate elderly employees, as we believe that their experience would be a valuable asset to our growing workforce. Several employees were hired when they were over 60 years old. In FY2017, we recruited a 64-year-old employee for a managerial position. In addition, one of our Shipyard Deputy Managers, who joined us in 2013, turns 67 this year and remains a bastion of our production team.

In addition, we have several long-service staff who have been with us since our early days and have contributed to the growth of Penguin over the years. As at 31 December 2017, we have 17 employees who have worked with us for more than 15 years. Our longest service employee began his career in 1980 and 2017 marks his 37th year of service. This also makes him our oldest employee at the age of 71!

7. Safety

a. Safety on board our vessels for crew and passengers

Policies and practices

The Deputy General Manager, supported by Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) Manager oversees and enforces safe practices in vessel operations to protect the life and health of our passengers, crew, general public and the environment. On board our vessels, the Masters are responsible for ensuring compliance with Environment, Health and Safety (ESH) management system as showcased in Figure 13. We also follow Oil and Gas Producer (OGP) standards⁷ and work towards the goal of zero incidents, no harm to people, property and the environment.

FIGURE 13: OVERVIEW OF POLICIES FOR SAFETY ON BOARD FOR CREW AND PASSENGERS

Policy	Objective	Description
Safety and Environment Policy Statement	Provide safe and accident-free work environment for our employees through compliance with relevant codes and exercised through safe practices in vessel operations	A comprehensive set of policies which guides Penguin and all stakeholders on managing various aspects of vessel operations (safety, risk assessment, navigation, environmental impact assessment and internal audits) and their impacts to employees, vessel, the public and environment
Stop Work Authority Policy	Protects health and safety of employees, co-workers and third party personnel and surrounding environment	The policy empowers everyone with the authority to stop any unsafe work or operation they encounter in the workplace.
Navigation Policy	Sets out the responsibility of the Master which ensures safe navigation of vessel and protection of vessel, crew, cargo and surrounding environment from harm	A set of compliance guidelines to relevant regulations such as Collision Regulations, applicable Government routing requirements and international rules which places safe navigation above all other considerations
Drug and Alcohol Policy Statement	Provide a safe, healthy and productive working environment for all employees, suppliers and visitors	Describes Pelican's support towards prohibition of drug and alcohol and substance abuse

FIGURE 14: WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH INITIATIVES - ON BOARD

Workplace Safety and Health Initiatives		
Identifying risks	Regular maintenance of risk register as stipulated under on-board safety management system and ensure that all control measures are implemented prior to any work activity on board vessels	
Promoting and communicating a no-	In-house training for crew membersAd-hoc safety training on ferries	

⁷ Oil and Gas Producers (OGP): https://www.iogp.org/oil-and-gas-safety/

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blame safety culture to all stakeholders	Inaugural Safety campaign for all crew in ferries and crewboats
Collaborating with external stakeholders	 Took part in MPA's annual emergency preparedness exercise (FEREX 2016) which aimed to test readiness to respond to ferry mishaps in Singapore's waters. Annual ship to shore exercises conducted in accordance with International Cofed Alarman and (ISAA) to identify a particular and the same an
_	Safety Management (ISM) to identify possible unsafe acts and conditions
Ensuring	 Regular internal and external audit by third-party certification bodies
effectiveness of	ensuring compliance to elements stated in International Safety Management
systems, policies and	(ISM) Code, International Ship and Port Facility Security (ISPS) Code and
actions	Maritime Labour Convention (MLC) Code
	Findings from audit compiled and analysed to deter weakness in the system
	Grievance reporting channels
Engaging with	Engaging with stakeholders through survey forms, gather feedback face-to-
stakeholders	face or through email

To ensure that any non-compliance and control lapses get to be identified as soon as possible, Penguin has various reporting channels for different stakeholders as summarised in Figure 15.

FIGURE 15: GRIEVANCE MECHANISM REPORTING PROCESS

Stakeholders	Reporting Channel	Person-in-charge	Process to address and resolve
Crew	 Master's Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE) Review Shipboard Meeting Board Complaint Form Non-conformity form 	Based on the nature of the grievance raised, it will be directed to the relevant person-in-	 Verbal feedback is to be resolved informally. For more serious cases, investigation may be conducted by the relevant PIC All feedback is consolidated
Operation staff	Email	charge (PIC)	and presented during yearly management review
Passenger	Telephone Face-to-face		meeting, checking for any repeat cases

In FY2017, there were several cases raised through the grievance channels which were concerns regarding on-board working environment, salary, welfare and benefits. Penguin has been actively following up with the feedback raised and taking the best efforts to improve working environment on-board and welfare and benefits for our crew members. In the subsequent HSSE Review, Penguin will look to see if there have been positive changes and strive to provide the best for our crew members and passengers.

Performance

Safety statistics for fleet operations are collated for management review every month and reported to the Board, quarterly. We uphold a no-blame safety culture and we target zero fatalities, zero lost work day cases, zero restricted work day cases and zero medical treatment cases. While we are working hard towards achieving these targets, unfortunately, human nature is unpredictable and occasionally, incidents still occur. The key is to

respond swiftly, establish root causes, learn from the incidents and seek to prevent a recurrence. In FY2016 and FY2017, there were two reportable incidents in each year.

In FY2016, both incidents were due to slips and falls - one due to slippery flooring and the other due to a trip hazard posed by a mooring rope. In a prompt response to these incidents, we have changed the floor covering of the affected vessel during docking in the first incident and issued timely reminders to our crew to use proper access methods to enter vessels in the second incident.

In FY2017, one shipyard employee sustained injuries from knocking against a pipe bracket while working in the engine room, while a crew member was scalded by hot water during offshore cargo transfer. For the first incident, we took prompt corrective actions to change the position of the pipe bracket and wrap up sharp corners on board all vessels under construction, while for the second incident, which occurred offshore, our ship management team issued a fleet-wide memo to all crew members to ensure that containers, especially liquid containers, are clearly labelled and appropriate warning signs attached before any ship-to-ship transfer is carried out.

While the number of accidents remains unchanged, our Incident Frequency Rate (IFR) has improved from 3.4 in FY2016 to 2.9 in FY2017, as our fleet size increased, which led to an increase in total man-hours worked from 589,044 hours in FY2016 to 668,736 hours in FY2017.

FIGURE 16: FY2016 AND FY2017 SAFETY STATISTICS - VESSEL OPERATIONS

FY2016		FY2017			
Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable
Incidents ⁸	Incident	Incident	Incidents	Incident	Incident Severity
	Frequency Rate	Severity Rate		Frequency	Rate (ISR)
	(IFR) ⁹	(ISR) ¹⁰		Rate (IFR)	
2	3.4	0	2	2.99	0

Case Study: Providing the best for our crew and passengers

In accordance with the Maritime Labour Convention (MLC) 2006 regulation, all new vessels above 500 gross tons (volumetric space) must meet minimum stipulated living spaces for crew accommodation and offer natural lighting and other basic crew amenities. Though this requirement is not applicable to Penguin's crewboats - which are all below 500 gross tons - Penguin took the initiative to design and build an MLC 2006-certified crewboat based on its new-and-improved Flex-42X hullform. The new vessel, "Pelican Calm", is the world's first mid-sized crewboat that is MLC 2006-certified. She is currently on a long-term charter to ExxonMobil in Malaysia.

⁸ Reportable incidents include fatalities, lost work day cases, restricted work day cases and medical treatment cases, not including first aid cases

⁹ Reportable Incident Frequency Rate (IFR) is calculated as the total number of reportable incidents per 1 million man-hours worked

¹⁰ Reportable Incident Severity Rate (ISR) is calculated as the total number of medical leave days taken consolidated from the reportable incidents per 1 million work hours







Being a member of the Association of Regional Ferry Operators, Penguin also works closely with ferry operators and MPA to promote best practice in industry safety standards and foster closer collaboration between ferry operators, shipbuilders and the regulator, MPA.





Above: Penguin is a regular participant in local emergency and military exercises. In one recent exercise, Penguin contributed ferries and a VIP boat to a major multi-agency drill involving MPA, the Singapore Civil Defence Force (SCDF), the Police Coast Guard, the Republic of Singapore Navy and other ferry operators.





Above: Adhoc training on the use of stretcher and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) conducted in May 2017 by office staff to all crew on board vessels docked at Penguin Shipyard in Tuas.

Pelican Gallant to the rescue!

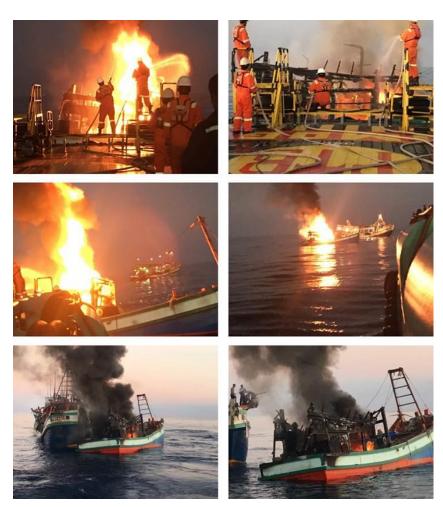
Pelican Offshore Services is a wholly owned crewboat-owning subsidiary of Penguin International Limited.

On 2 May 2018 at around 0610 hrs, one of Pelican's crewboats, "Pelican Gallant", was transporting workers to an offshore location in Malaysia when one of the Able Bodied Seamen (AB) on board spotted a flare and thick smoke billowing from a small vessel about two nautical miles away.

The crew member immediately reported the incident to the Officer-On-Watch and the Master. Through the public address system, the Master announced to his crew and passengers that they were changing course to render assistance to a distressed vessel.

At 0625 hrs, "Pelican Gallant" arrived on the scene of a wooden fishing boat engulfed in flames. Using the vessel's main fire pump, the Master and crew formed a fire fighting team to rescue the fishermen on board. Fifteen minutes later, the fire was promptly extinguished and the fishermen were transferred to another fishing boat. "Pelican Gallant" then proceeded on to her intended destination.

Penguin commended the Master and crew of "Pelican Gallant" for their initiative and display of bravery. Although the fishing boat could not be salvaged as the fire had burnt through most of it, all the fishermen escaped unscathed.



b. Safety – Occupational health and safety in our shipyards

Policies and practices

A dedicated Workplace Safety and Health (WSH) committee that is headed by a General Manager and supported by Safety Manager and Safety Coordinator, oversees the workplace health and safety at our shipyards. The Committee ensures that safety practices are cascaded down to various unit heads ranging from Yard, Project, Quality Assurance (QA) and Engineering departments. We consider safety and health matters as a business priority and strive to prevent all unacceptable risks in our operations, upholding our commitment towards zero reportable incidents. Figures 17 and 18 showcase the policies applicable to our shipyards as well as the relevant initiatives.

FIGURE 17: OVERVIEW OF POLICIES FOR OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY AT SHIPYARDS

Policy	Objective	Description
Harmonised Safety Policy – Workforce Safety & Health Policy	Ensures vessel construction and repair activities are conducted in a safe and environmentally responsible manner through compliance with all applicable legislations, regulations, code of practices and standards.	The policy includes a set of procedures for Workplace Safety and Health Management System (WSHMS) and WSH Policy and Responsibilities. It sets out the safe work procedures covering all forms of activities at both shipyards as well as the various responsibilities of all stakeholders involved
Harmonised Drug Policy	Ensures provision and maintenance of a safe, healthy and productive working environment for all employees. At no time shall any employee be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.	 Penguin has zero tolerance towards abuse of drugs or alcohol by any employee, subcontractor or other person whilst under the employment or contract of the Company and its subsidiaries. Comprises of guidelines and disciplinary actions which may result from any non-compliance of the policy

FIGURE 18: WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH (WSH) INITIATIVES - SHIPYARD

	Workplace Safety and Health Initiatives
Identifying risks	Regular maintenance of risk register and ensure that all control measures are implemented prior to any work activity at both shipyards
Promoting and communicating a no-blame safety culture	Subcontractors who provide manpower are subjected to the same health and safety standards as set out in the terms and condition of their contract.
to all stakeholders	 Mandatory training - Shipyard Safety Instruction Course (SSIC) All staff are equipped with relevant skillsets and appropriate certifications. Mandatory Shipyard Safety Instruction Course (SSIC) is conducted for all before entering shipyards or commencing of any works Yard Safety Orientation for all yard employees, subcontractors within the first week of commencement of employment or work

	Ad-hoc and situational training All workers in both shipyards who require additional skills or qualification to perform specific scope of work are sent for training, such as Mobile Elevating Work Platforms (MEWP) and forklifts operation, erecting scaffolding, welding and fire watchman responsibilities. Safety Meetings Daily Safety Toolbox Meeting for all shipyard employees, workers and subcontractors Monthly safety meetings are held to reinforce compliance and constantly ensuring safety awareness for all working at shipyard
	Safety Awards Monthly Safe Workers Award held to recognise workers with excellent WSH performance. Workers nominated by project managers or supervisors (or through self-nomination) will be monitored for one to two weeks before being conferred the award.
Ensuring effectiveness of systems, policies and actions	 Daily routine safety inspection to ensure compliance of statutory requirements Monthly inspections by WSH committee Statutory maintenance for equipment and machineries in bi-yearly, yearly and monthly intervals Regular Safety and Health Management Systems (SHMS) audit conducted by Ministry of Manpower (MOM) to review Workplace Safety Health Management Systems (WSHMS), Risk Assessment (RA), Safety Promotional and Environmental Management programmes. Audit recommendations from are acted on timely basis to improve shipyard processes.
Obtaining certifications	 Annual certification for Gas Meter Calibration Annual tests of Fire-fighting systems BizSafe certification conducted once every three years

Case Study: New implementation of Gangway Tagboard Display system

To facilitate the purpose of headcount during emergency evacuations and rescue, Penguin has implemented a Gangway Tagboard Display System which accounts for the number of working personnel on a particular vessel or present inside the subjected confined area at any one time. All yard personnel including subcontractors are issued with their respective dual passes, 'G' and 'C' tags. Before boarding the vessel, the 'G' tag is to be displayed on the Gangway Tagboard (left) and 'C' tag on the permit display board of any confined space (right) with valid entry permit before entering the subject confined space. From the displayed tags, we are able to account for the number of personnel working on board or present within a confined space.





Performance

Our reporting process of safety statistics at shipyards are in line with reporting process for vessels, following the same frequency. We align ourselves to the Workforce Safety and Health (Shipbuilding and Ship Repair) Regulations 2008. In FY2017, there were a total of four reportable incidents which were due to workplace accidents where employees sustained minor cuts, sprains and fractures during work. In FY2016, there were no reportable incidents. The increase in the number of reportable incidents reflects an increase in shipyard activities in FY2017, following a lull in FY2016

We analyse each and every incident to identify the root cause and ensure corrective actions are in place to prevent re-occurrence and enhance our overall risk mitigation and management system. Through continuous promotion of a safety culture and more stringent inspections, we are working towards a zero-incident work environment.

FIGURE 19: FY2016 AND FY2017 SAFETY STATISTICS - SHIPYARD

		FY2016			FY2017	
	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable	Reportable
Country	Incidents	Incident	Incident	Incidents	Incident	Incident
		Frequency	Severity Rate		Frequency	Severity Rate
		Rate (IFR)	(ISR)		Rate (IFR)	(ISR)
Singapore	0	0	0	4	5.81	42.57
Batam	0	0	0	0	0	0

8. Environment

a. Energy Consumption Management and Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions

Policies and practices

Besides social considerations, Penguin also makes a conscious effort to manage the environmental impact created by our operations. While a formal policy on energy management is not yet in place, the practice of monitoring our energy consumption is a regular practice. The fuel consumption for our vessels in particular is recorded and tracked on daily basis. Any irregularities are identified and explained. Our Planned Maintenance System, which follows the engine markers' recommendations closely, are carried out diligently to ensure engine optimal performance and efficiency.

In addition to operational energy efficiency, we also strive to create more energy efficient products through research and development. One of the success stories is the usage in Penguin's Flex crewboats of Baudouin engines, which were previously used primarily on fishing boats and passenger ferries in Europe. Baudouin engines, though still conventionally diesel powered, are smaller, lighter and more fuel efficient than the Cummins engines that Penguin had previously installed on their Flex crewboats. Significantly, the smaller-and-lighter Baudouin engines produced the same speed as the larger-and-heavier Cummins engines.

The idea resulted in meaningful improvements in fuel efficiency, as evidenced by their popularity among oil majors in Thailand and Malaysia. While seeking out lighter equipment and materials to further improve the fuel efficiency of our Flex designs, we are also actively exploring the use of alternative energy sources for our newbuilds.

As a designer, builder, owner and operator of high-speed aluminium vessels with a strong balance sheet, Penguin is well-positioned to lead the industry in the commercialisation of alternative-fuelled vessels for Singapore and beyond.

Performance - Shipyards

At our shipyards, the energy consumption includes direct energy from fuel and electricity purchased from the grid. The top three fuels consumed are diesel, lubricant (lube oil) and waste oil used in operation of heavy machinery, fork lifts and motor vehicles respectively, in our Tuas and Batam shipyards. During the year, total energy consumed increased by 16% due to the increase in projects and operations at both our shipyards. Our total energy consumption from fuel and purchased electricity was at 9,924 GJ (Figure 21), translating to a total of 1,281 tonnes of Scope 1 and Scope 2 CO₂ emissions¹¹ (Figure 23) combined.

We measure and manage our energy intensity by both quantity of material usage and number of working hours. It is to take into account the different energy intensities of different phases of ship fabrication and different activities at shipyards. For example, in general, the plate cutting phase takes relatively less energy to process a larger quantity of material, as compared to welding. Ship repair activities require more man hour and consume

¹¹ Emission factors were derived from the 2006 Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories

more energy while use fewer material. There was an improvement in both intensities by tonnage of aluminium¹² and by man hours in FY2017 as demonstrated in Figure 21.

FIGURE 20: FUEL AND ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION - SHIPYARDS

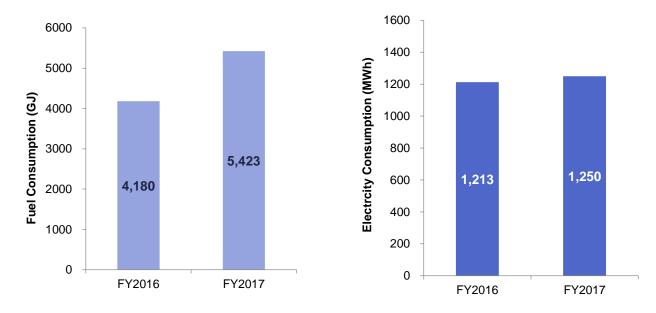
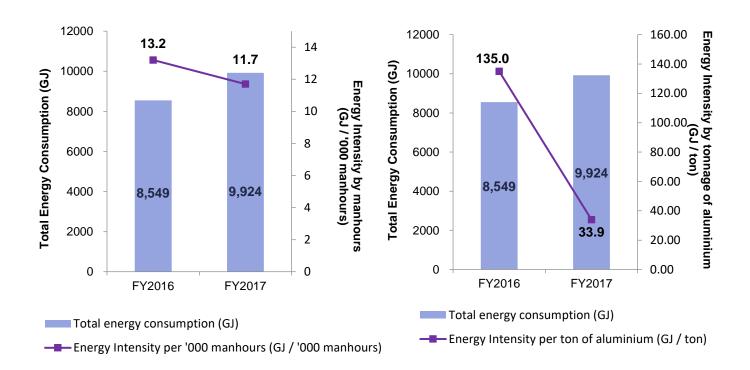
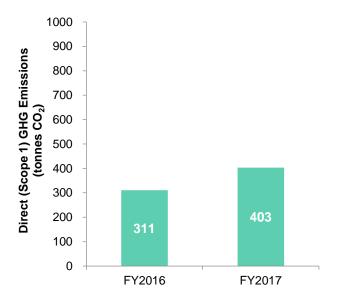


FIGURE 21: TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND INTENSITY - SHIPYARDS



¹² Aluminium tonnage is calculated based on the total aluminum ordered and delivered for the respective year. This takes into account both usage and wastage of aluminium.

FIGURE 22: DIRECT (SCOPE 1) AND ENERGY INDIRECT (SCOPE 2) GHG EMISSIONS - SHIPYARDS



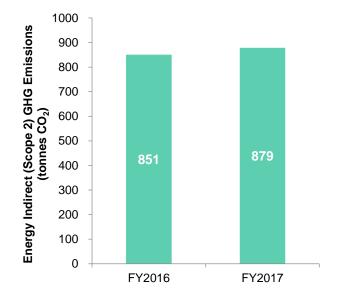
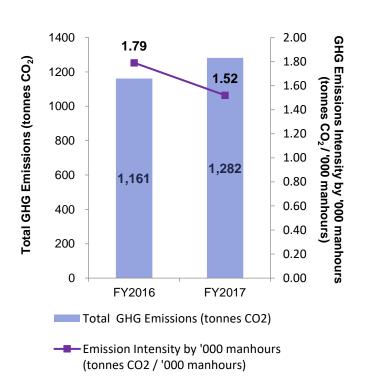
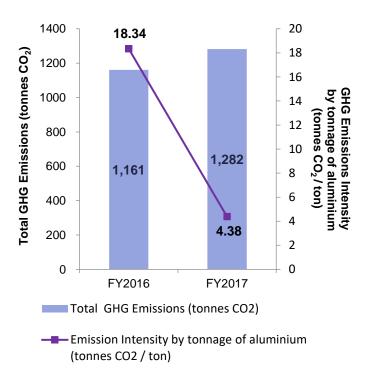


FIGURE 23: TOTAL GHG EMISSIONS AND INTENSITY - SHIPYARDS





Performance – Vessel Operations

For our vessels, we only use Marine Diesel Oil (MDO). It is the sole source of energy on board and results in only Direct Scope 1 emissions. A total of 44,147 GJ of MDO was consumed in FY2017 translating to 3,287 tonnes of CO₂ emissions¹³.

The significant increase in MDO consumed is attributed to the increase in fleet size of 30 managed in FY2017 as compared to 20 in FY2016. Even though MDO used on board Penguin's vessels are provided by the charterers, we have a fuel consumption tracking system which reports daily fuel consumption with use of a flow meter to identify any irregularities at the soonest. In addition, our planned maintenance schedule ensures that our engines operate as recommended by the engine makers to ensure optimal performance. Thus, this regulates fuel usage which also leads to the management of vessel emissions explained in the next section.

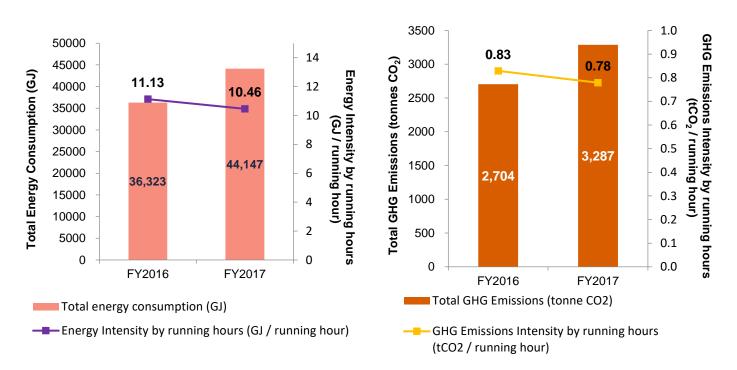


FIGURE 24: TOTAL FUEL CONSUMPTION AND GHG EMISSIONS AND INTENSITIES - VESSELS

b. Vessel Emissions

Marine Fuel Sulphur Limit under MARPOL Annex VI states that sulphur content of any fuel oil used on board outside an Emission Control Area (ECA)¹⁴ is to be reduced from 3.5% in 2012 to 0.50% on and after 1 January 2020¹⁵. Penguin has achieved this standard ahead of time as we use low sulphur content diesel in crew boat operations (maximum of 0.35% sulphur content) and ultra-low sulphur content diesel (0.005%) for our domestic

¹³ As extracted from European Commission: Quantification of emissions from ships associated with ship movements between ports in the European Community, emission factor of MDO is 3179 kg/tonne fuel

¹⁴ The ECA established include the Baltic Sea area, North Sea area, North American area and United States Caribbean Sea area of which Penguin's vessels do not cross into these areas.

¹⁵ Marine and Port Authority of Singapore is a party to the Annex IV of the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) and subscribes to all regulations therein.

ferry operations. Figure 25 shows the breakdown of NO_x, SO_x and Particulate Matter (PM) emitted from the use of MDO in our vessels¹⁶.

FIGURE 25: SIGNIFICANT 17 AIR EMISSIONS FROM VESSEL OPERATIONS

Air emissions (tonnes)	FY2016	FY2017
NO _x	53.6	65.2
SO _x	45.9	55.8
PM	5.18	6.30

9. Corporate Governance

Regulatory Compliance

Compliance Management Operating System

Penguin is committed to fully complying with all legal and other requirements that are applicable to our activities, products and services. These requirements include the relevant Primary Legislative Status (Acts) passed by the Parliament, the Subsidiary Legislations (Regulations, Notifications and Orders) issued by the relevant governmental agencies, and the applicable Singapore Standards and Codes of Practice. Organisations should also comply with the relevant industrial standards and codes.

To enable compliance, Penguin identifies all the legal and other requirements, applicable to our activities, products or services. Policies and procedures are then established, implemented and maintained for identifying and accessing the legal and other Safety, Health and Environment (HSE) requirements that are applicable to us. The policies and procedures undergo regular reviews by General Manager to ensure its continued relevance to our business operations.

Presently, there is no dedicated Compliance team in Penguin. Instead, each function within our organisation is responsible for monitoring and reporting compliance matters relevant to their function. These information on legal and other requirements are communicated to respective functions, and our business partners such as suppliers and subcontractors.

Performance

In FY2016, there were three cases of non-compliances which resulted in two fines and a verbal warning from relevant authorities. As disclosed in Figure 26, we have promptly taken corrective actions and were glad to achieve zero cases of non-compliance in FY2017. We strive to be well-informed of changes in regulatory environment so as to maintain this track record.

¹⁶ Emission factors obtained from the Third IMO Greenhouse Gas Study 2014 from international shipping. For more information, the report is accessible at:

http://www.imo.org/en/OurWork/Environment/PollutionPrevention/AirPollution/Documents/Third%20Greenhouse%20Gas%20Study/GHG3%20Executive%20Summary%20and%20Report.pdf

¹⁷ MDO comprises of mainly hydrocarbons whose combustion results in the release of NOx, SOx and PM as stated in Third IMO Greenhouse Gas Study 2014. (See Footnote 16)

FIGURE 26: FY2016 LIST OF NON-COMPLIANCE AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TAKEN

Category	Description of FY2016 non-compliance cases	Corrective actions taken by Penguin
Customer Health and Safety	In FY2016, a crew was found operating a vessel without a valid manning license, resulting in a fine of \$150.	 Crew was immediately sent to apply for the relevant license For all subsequent operations, licenses will be checked before the crew is allowed to operate the vessel
Environment	Mosquito breeding detected in stored tyres located at a new fabrication workshop, resulting in a fine of \$200.	 Immediate removal of all potential breeding areas Fogging is conducted every two weeks by third-party pest control operators
	Vessel grounded in Labuan Marine Recreation Park on 18 Aug 2016 had unintentionally deviated from the passage plan. The incident was reported to Labuan Marine Department.	 Penguin promptly sent out an alert to its fleet, along with a reminder and warning Safety circular comprising
	A verbal warning was given, due to slight damage sustained by rocks and not corals.	lessons issued

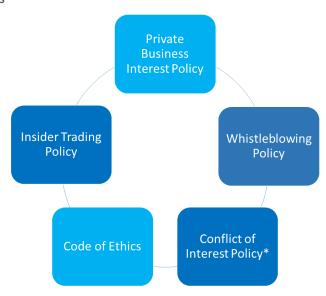
Business Ethics

Fundamental Standard

Ethical business conduct is core to our business operations. We comply strictly with the Code of Corporate Governance 2012 and strive to meet our target of zero lapses with the Code. At Penguin, we have a robust business ethics framework with anti-corruption policies in place (Figure 27) that aims to mitigate risk of possible improprieties¹⁸. All employees of Penguin including full-time, part-time and contract employees are encouraged to report, should there be any concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters, without the fear of retaliatory actions. The Audit Committee is responsible for maintaining, reviewing and updating this policy. Should there be any revisions or amendments made, all employees will be notified in writing by the Human Resource Department. Figure 28 summarises the procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of every complaint raised.

¹⁸ Possible Improprieties refers to any activity, breach of business conduct and ethics or omission by an Employee of the Group; or any concerns regarding accounting or auditing matters, internal controls or internal accounting controls and other operational matters that are questionable or not in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices or trade practices prescribed by the Group

FIGURE 27: ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICIES



^{*} Conflict of Interest Policy is applicable for purchasing department on all purchasing decisions

FIGURE 28: PENGUIN'S WHISTLE BLOWING POLICY

1. Submission of Complaint	2. Receipt of Complaint
 The complaint shall be lodged in person or in writing with the Chairman of the AC providing personal particulars to allegations so as to trigger follow-up questions and investigations The identity of the complainant shall be confidential where possible 	 Upon receipt of any complaint, the AC may conduct its own investigation or review where Internal Auditor (IA) may be involved in relevant investigations, taking appropriate actions in the best interests of the Group All complaints received will be maintained in a Complaints Register for documentation purposes and made available for inspection upon any request by investigating authorities
3. Review and Investigation of Complaint	4. Frivolous or Malicious Complaints
 For investigations or reviews conducted by AC, they will be responsible for informing the complainant of the likely timeline for a final response and notify them of any actions taken where required 	 For any complaints filed frivolously, in bad faith, in abuse of these policies and procedures, with malicious or mischievous intent will not be protected by this document Administrative or disciplinary actions (may include termination of employment or contract) may ensue

Performance

In FY2016 and FY2017, we are proud to announce that we have zero reported cases of anti-corruption. Penguin has zero tolerance towards any forms of corruption or financial improprieties and this message is clearly communicated to all employees. From the signing of the letter of appointment, employees are informed of the policies and the communication is further reinforced during their mandatory orientation upon commencement.

GRI Content Index

GRI Standard	Disclosure	Location or reason for o	mission	
Disclosure				
Reference				
GRI 101: Foundation	2017 [There are no disclosures in this section]			
GRI 102: General Dis	closures 2017			
Organisational profil	e			
102-1	Name of the organisation	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-2	Activities, brands, products, and services	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-3	Location of headquarters	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-4	Location of operations	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-5	Ownership and legal form	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
		Annual Report	Pg. 10-11	
102-6	Markets served	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-7	Scale of the organisation	About Penguin International Limited	Pg. 2	
102-8	Information on employees and other workers	Highlights for FY2017; Staff Demographics	Pg. 4 Pg. 19-20	
102-9	Supply chain	Sustainability Strategy	Pg. 13-17	
102-10	Significant changes to the organisation and its supply chain	Sustainability Strategy	Pg. 13-17	
102-11	Precautionary Principle or approach	Corporate Governance; Annual Report	Pg. 37 Pg. 31	
102-12	External initiatives	Not applicable		
102-13	Membership of associations	Key memberships include Association of Regional Ferry Operators (ARFO), Association of Singapore Marine Industries (ASMI), Singapore Shipping Association (SSA) and Singapore National Employers Federation (SNEF)		
Strategy				
102-14	Statement from senior decision-maker	Board Statement	Pg. 6	
Ethic and Integrity				
102-16	Values, principles, standards, and norms of behaviour	Highlights for FY2017; Corporate Governance	Pg. 5 Pg. 36-38	
102-17	Mechanisms for advice and concerns about ethics	Corporate Governance; Annual Report	Pg. 37-38 Pg. 33	
Governance				
102-18	Governance Structure	Sustainability Governance	Pg. 6	
102-22	Composition of the highest governance body and its committees	Annual Report	Pg. 25-27	
102-23	Chair of the highest governance body	Annual Report	Pg. 27-28	
102-24	Nominating and selecting the highest governance body	Annual Report	Pg. 26	
102-26	Role of highest governance body in setting purpose, values and strategy	Board Statement; Annual Report	Pg. 6 Pg. 25	
102-29	Identifying and managing economic, environmental, and social impacts	Board Statement	Pg. 6	

GRI Standard Disclosure Reference	Disclosure	Location or reason for omission		
102-32	Highest governance body's role in sustainability reporting	Sustainability Governance	Pg. 6	
102-35	Remuneration policies	Annual Report	Pg. 30-31	
102-36	Process for determining remuneration	Annual Report	Pg. 30-31	
Stakeholder Engagem	nent			
102-40	List of stakeholder groups	Stakeholder Engagement	Pg. 7-8	
102-41	Collective bargaining agreements	Not applicable as Penguin International Limited is not unionised		
102-42	Identifying and selecting stakeholders	Stakeholder Engagement Pg. 7-		
102-43	Approach to stakeholder engagement	Stakeholder Engagement	Pg. 7-8	
102-44	Key topics and concerns raised	Stakeholder Engagement Pg. 7-8		
Reporting Practice				
102-45	Entities included in the consolidated financial	Annual Report	Pg. 51, 53	
102-46	Defining report content and topic boundaries	About the Report	Pg. 3	
102-47	List of material topics	Materiality Assessment Pg. 9-12		
102-48	Restatement of information	This is Penguin's Inaugural Sustaina	bility Report	
102-49	Changes in reporting	This is Penguin's Inaugural Sustaina	bility Report	
102-50	Reporting period	1 January 2017 – 31 December 201	7	
102-51	Date of most recent report	This is Penguin's Inaugural Sustainability Report		
102-52	Reporting cycle	Annual		
102-53	Contact point for questions regarding the report	About the Report	Pg. 3	
102-54	Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards	About the Report Pg. 3		
102-55	GRI content index	GRI Content Index	Pg. 39-42	
102-56	External assurance	Penguin has not sought external assurance for this inaugural report.		

Material matters				
GRI Standard Disclosure Reference		Description	Location or reason for omission	
Product Quality and Stew	/ardship			
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy	Pg. 13-17
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Sustainability Strategy	Pg. 13-17
Economic Resilience			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Economic Resilience	Pg. 14 Pg. 18
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Sustainability Strategy	Pg. 14
GRI 201: Economic Performance 2016	201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed	Economic Resilience	Pg. 18
Business Ethics				
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its	Sustainability Strategy;	Pg. 13
		components	Corporate Governance	Pg. 37-38
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Corporate Governance	Pg. 37-38
GRI 205: Anti- Corruption 2016	205-2	Communications and training about anti- corruption policies and procedures	Corporate Governance	Pg. 38
·	205-3	Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	Corporate Governance	Pg. 38
Regulatory Compliance				
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Corporate Governance	Pg. 13 Pg. 36-37
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Corporate Governance	Pg. 36-37
GRI 307: Environmental Compliance 2016	307-1	Non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations	Corporate Governance	Pg. 36-37
GRI 416: Customer Health and Safety 2016	416-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	Corporate Governance	Pg. 36-37
GRI 419: Socioeconomic Compliance 2016	419-1	Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic area	Corporate Governance	Pg. 36-37
Energy Consumption Ma	nagement			
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Energy Consumption Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 16 Pg. 32-35
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 32-35

Material matters				
GRI Standard Disclo Reference	osure	Description	Location or reason fo	r omission
GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-1	Energy consumption within the organisation	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 32-33, 35
	302-3	Energy Intensity	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 33, 35
Greenhouse Gas (GHG) E	missions			
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Energy Consumption Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 16 Pg. 32-35
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 32-35
GRI 305: Emissions 2016	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 32, 34
	305-2	Energy indirect greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 2)	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 32, 34
	305-4	GHG emissions intensity	Energy Consumption; Management and GHG Emissions	Pg. 34
Vessel Emissions				
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Vessel Emissions	Pg. 16-17 Pg. 35-36
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Vessel Emissions	Pg. 35-36
GRI 305: Emissions 2016	305-7	Nitrogen oxides (NO _x), sulphur oxides (SO _x), and other significant air emissions	Vessel Emissions	Pg. 36
Workplace Diversity, Fair				
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Workplace Diversity and Fairness	Pg. 15 Pg. 20-23
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Workplace Diversity and Fairness	Pg. 20-23
GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnovers	Workplace Diversity and Fairness	Pg. 22-23
	401-2	Benefits provided to full- time employees that are not provided to temporary or part- time employees	Workplace Diversity and Fairness	Pg. 21-22
GRI 404: Training and Education 2016	404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews	Workplace Diversity and Fairness	Pg. 22
GRI 405: Diversity and Equal Opportunity 2016	405-2	Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men	Due to the nature of our indu positions are filled by male pe average data in this case will	ersonnel, the

Material matters						
GRI Standard Disclosure Reference		Description	Location or reason f	or omission		
Safety (Safety on Board f	or Crew an	d Passengers and Occupational Health and Sa	afety at Shipyards)			
GRI 103: Management Approach 2016	103-1	Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	Materiality Assessment	Pg. 9-12		
	103-2	The management approach and its components	Sustainability Strategy; Safety	Pg. 14-15 Pg. 24-31		
	103-3	Evaluation of the management approach	Safety	Pg. 24-31		
GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety 2016	403-2	Types of injury and rates of injury, occupational diseases, lost days, and absenteeism, and number of work-related fatalities	Safety	Pg. 25-26, 31		